NAME

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pathchk — validate filenames
```

SYNOPSIS

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pathchk [-Pp] path...
```

DESCRIPTION

Checks for validity and/or portability of paths:

- total length,
- length of individual components,
- · character set, and
- searchability.

Failed paths and components are listed in the standard error stream alongside the failed predicate.

With **-p**, each *path* is considered as if on an abstract base-line POSIX system:

- maximum length of _POSIX_PATH_MAX (256),
- maximum component length of _POSIX_NAME_MAX (14),
- the portable filename character set: $[A-Za-z0-9._-]+$.

Otherwise, it resides on the current system:

- maximum length of PATH_MAX (most likely 4096),
- maximum component length of **pathconf**(_PC_NAME_MAX) for the parent directory, if exists, or _POSIX_NAME_MAX,
- alphabet verified indirectly by lstat(2), which should return EINVAL,
- searchability verified by lstat(2), which returns EACCES if any component was unsearchable.

OPTIONS

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-P Additionally reject empty paths and components starting with "-"s.
-p Check for the POSIX system (see above).
--portability
```

EXIT STATUS

1 if any path failed any check.

EXAMPLES

Check whether a directory tree can be safely transferred to any conformant system:

SEE ALSO

pathconf(3)

STANDARDS

Conforms to IEEE Std 1003.1-2024 ("POSIX.1"); **--portability** is an extension, originating from the GNU system.

HISTORY

Created in IEEE Std 1003.2-1992 ("POSIX.2") with only -p, to, alongside sh(1) noclobber (set -C), replace the need for the proposed mktemp(1), validfnam, and similar utilities, quoting pairing pathchk with a loop over "\$TMPDIR/application_abbreviation\$\$.suffix" as sufficient, instead.

IEEE Std 1003.1-2008 ("POSIX.1") adds **-P**, noting that the **-Pp** needs to be used to ensure "full filename portability" across all systems, with the split being retained for compatibility.

BUGS

PATH_MAX, well, isn't — it's defined to **4096** on all modern systems for compatibility, but longer paths are, usually, perfectly legal, just not necessarily usable as a syscall argument. Keep this in mind.